

PHAROS UNIVERSITY IN ALEXANDRIA FACULTY OF ENGINEERING ARCHITECTURAL DEPARTMENT



Strengthening Alexandria Urban Fabric by planning urbanism's walkable area

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REAL CORP 2013: PLANNING TIMES

Introduction

- > General view
- > Alexandria, Egypt

Out Lines

□ The case study

- > Location
- > History
- Architectural style
- Development project
- > Traffic Analysis

Problem definition

New Proposal

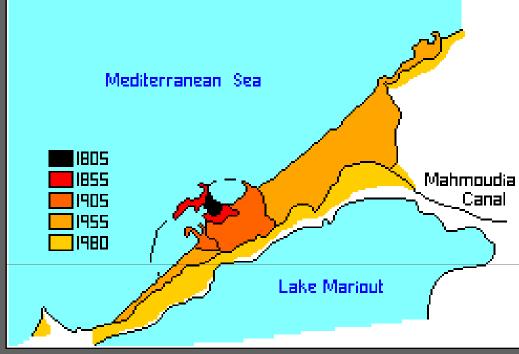






Introduction

The rapid growth of towns and cities in the nineteen century led to calls for parks to be provided for the health of factory workers and so it benefited society as well.



Alexandria from 1805 till 1980

Nowadays city of Alexandria has a very wide range of urban development projects, some of them has a major influence to the physical being of the city while others just have an interpretation to its characteristics.



Alexandria, Egypt:

Alexandria witnessed a continuous urban growth from the beginning of the Mohammed Ali era (1805) up to the present time

Population is projected to become 5.4 million by 2015. Because of this, Alexandria is the second largest urban governorate in Egypt.

This enormous urban growth requires detection with a good management, planning to **solve circulation and traffic problems especially in the city center.**









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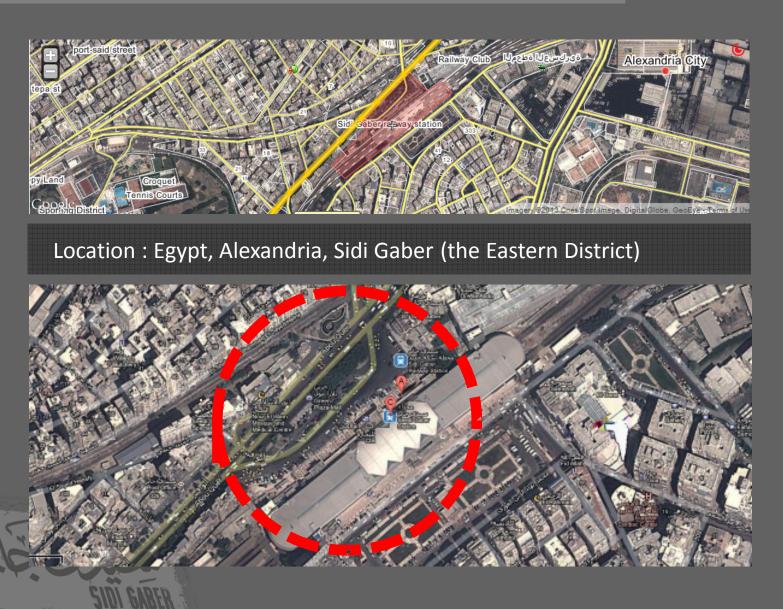
New Proposal





Location

study GABER train station CASE SIDI



<u>History</u>





The station of **Sidi Gaber** is the first railway line outside Europe, and the second in the world, started to create between the cities of Alexandria and Cairo in 1851

Sidi Gaber Station 1930

It serves travelers:

Between Alexandria & Cairo as well as other main cities in Egypt inside Alexandria going to and from Abu Kier district which is located east of Alexandria



Architectural style:

ASE study IDI GABER train station

The famous train station building has a special architectural style and unique Dutch character building that was constructed instead of the traditional old wooden one, in 1948 and was built with yellow brick.

The station is distinguished with a clock tower, and major map in front of it showing the main streets of the city of Alexandria and the most important tourist attractions.



<u>Development project</u>

parking

ABER train station study CASE 0

As of 2011, the station was developed, with the intent to turn old parts of the station into a railway museum, and include space for commercial or recreational services.

shopping mall



The development included the construction of a two story mall.

as well as a multi levels garage.



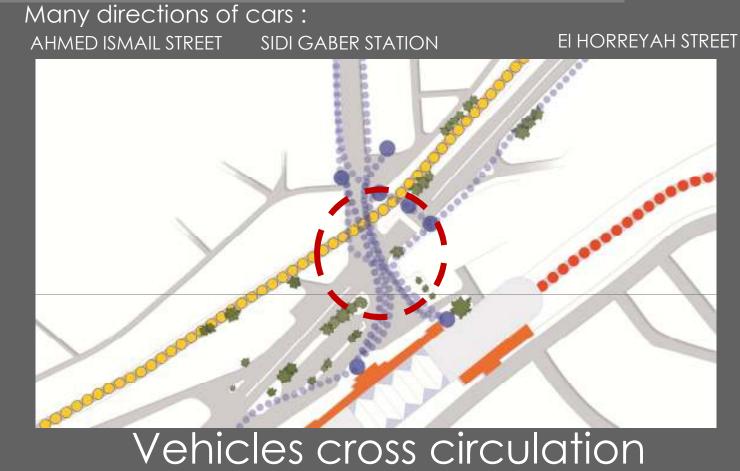
New façade

Traffic Analysis

CASE study SIDI GABER train station



Traffic Analysis





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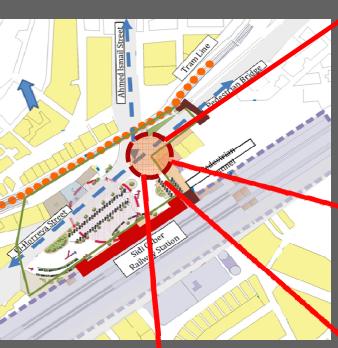
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CASE study SIDI GABER train station



problem definition

Pedestrians usually cross the street from extremely critical access that is in conflict with vehicles traffic.









problem definitior

CASE study SIDI GABER train station



Different circulation flow of people going to and from station with an obvious disorder.

In order to change such behaviour, the local authority constructed a pedestrian bridge and escalators that in reality is not used by pedestrians

The fence which leading to the pedestrian bridge

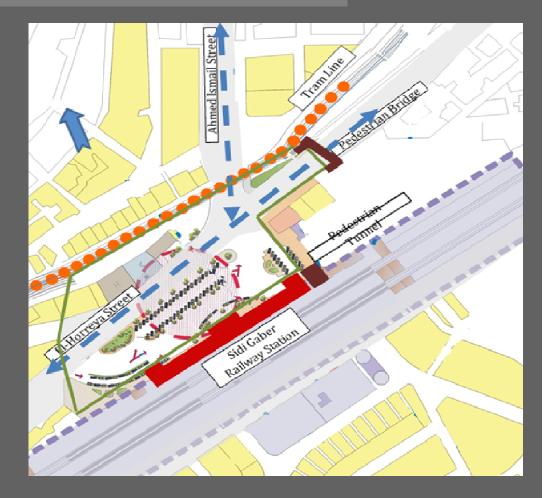
Whmed Ismail Street



problem definition

CASE study SIDI GABER train station

Most of our urban spaces are not giving pedestrian movements the enough concern and that cause a mis-use problem.



With the new design of Sidi Gaber station project, the need for pedestrian walkable area becomes a must



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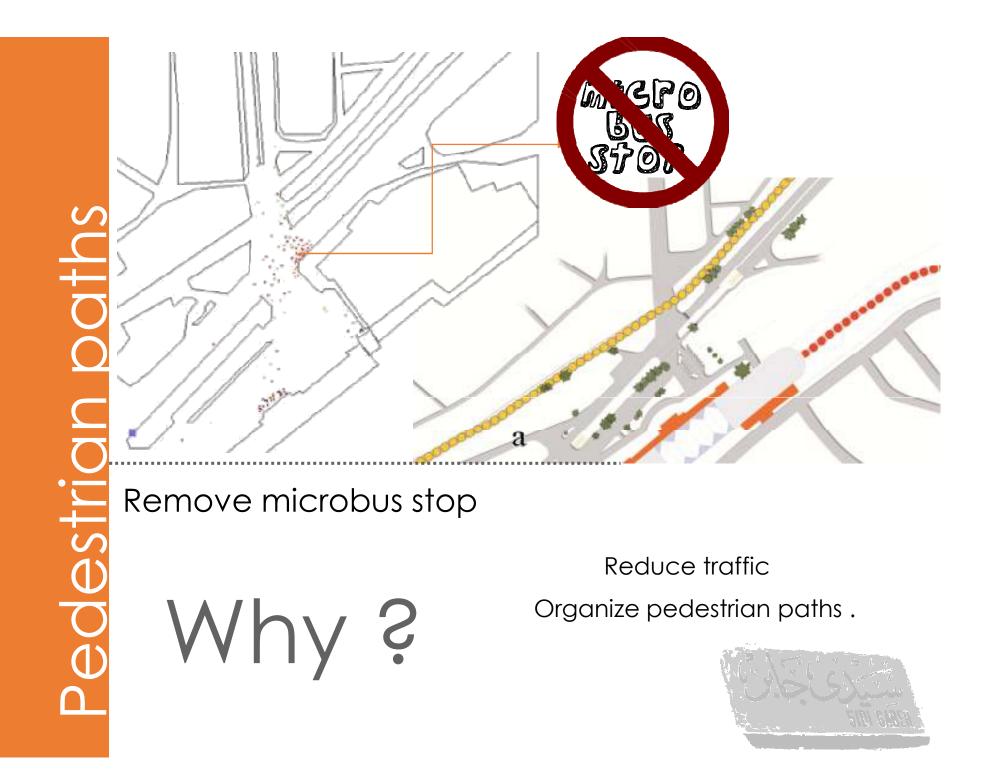






The new design of a <u>plaza in</u> <u>front of the station</u> relating it with the tram line on the other side and creating an urban public space will offer the urban quality to the place as well as solving the mess problem in this district.







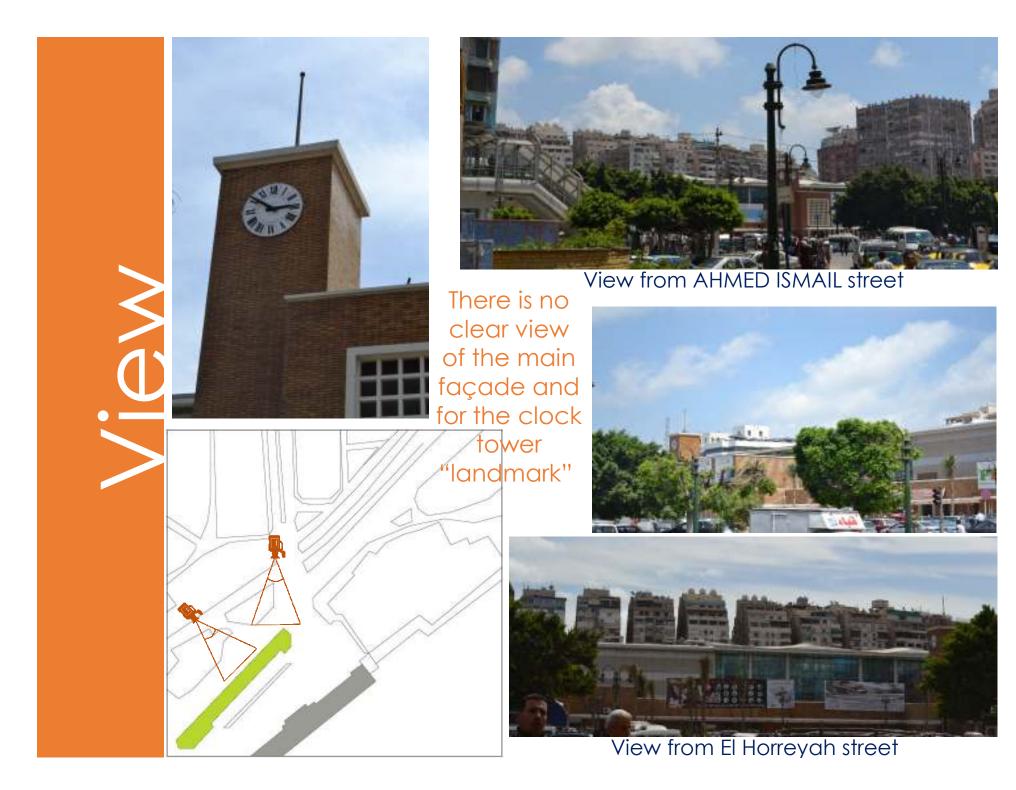


Does this floor pattern defines pedestrians circulation ?

such a In central terminal, walkable paved grey spaces are required to develop the quality of the urban space outside the train station.

Using patterns and materials in new pavements can facilitate the direction of people path.





Provision of green spaces in this crowded area is a source of recreation to the residents specially Sidi Gaber Towers, which overlooks it directly.

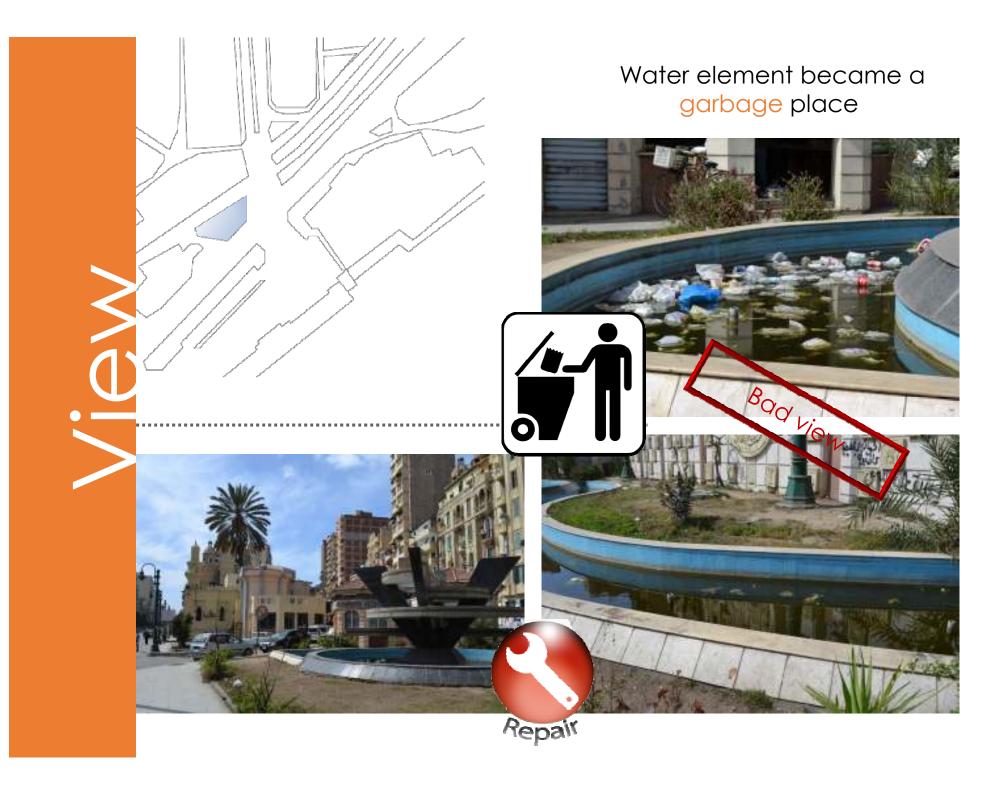
So comfort and pleasure is provided for train station users and residents in the same time.

Tree line Sidi gaber station

Clear view of the main façade

Must Choose new kind of landscape







In the platform in front of the station, we see The presence of street vendors which creates mess and effects pedestrian circulation

NOC NOC Stre



Move to inside the new mall of sidi gaber station



Cra	
No.	

Protection	Traffic - protection against traffic accidents - pollution, fumes and noise - visibility	Security - lived in / used - street life - street watchers - overlapping functions on spaces and time - overlapping functions in space and time
Comfort	Walking - room for walking comfortably - interesting layout for streets - interesting facades - good surfaces - no obstacles - good accessibility to key points - few footway interruption - convenient crossings - Access for everybody, ramps, elevators, etc. Seeing, talking, hearing - reasonable seeing distances - free vistas - interesting views - good lighting (evening / night) - low noise level - bench arrangement - talks capes	Staying - staying zones - good possibilities for sitting, view, sun , people to watch - good seats - good local climate - soft edges, inviting facades for resting - points of support for leaning - and interaction - invitation to physical activities, play, and entertainment day and night and summer and winter
Enjoyment	Climate <u>Protection against</u> - wind / draft - rain / snow - cold / heat <u>possibilities for</u> - sun / shade - warmth / coolness - breeze / ventilation	Aesthetic quality - good design and good detailing - views / vistas - trees, plants, water - clean streets and squares - good lighting quality - good materials - building scale dimensioned to the human scale

A number of issues affect the public spaces and the way we act when we are in the city.

The role of open spaces to play within the neighborhood structure, to achieve sustainability goals and objectives, is formulated in three key issues

✓ Space management,

✓ Space function (circulation of people and permeability),

✓ the role of objects within space (sustainable landscape).

	Sustainability Parameters		
Space Management		Encouraging sustainable lifestyles	×
		Making maximum use of existing features assets.	×
		Strengthening the sense of place	×
		Incorporating local or recycled materials	
		Encouraging community participation and involvement	×
		-Reducing inputs of non-renewable resources during construction and subsequent maintenance	
		Eliminating or reducing the use of herbicides and resources that affect other ecosystems	_
		Encouraging habitat creation and native planting.	×
		Managing resources carefully.	
P.L.L		JOI GABER	

		reduce the level of car reliance,	Х
ction		Effectiveness of public transport.	х
unci		Reduce the need to travel.	х
ace F		Social benefits of increasing transport choice for all groups in the population.	х
Spac			
		Enhancing local security and community.	Х



Crste

Role of objects in Space

Return to original sources of inspiration, whether nature or culture.

Respond to the site:

creating connections and themes (functional and perceptual as well as spatial) within and across sites while defining and delineating boundaries;

transforming site constraints into environmental opportunities;

•Minimizing negative environmental impacts (including sensory as well as physical \times pollution);

- maximizing positive impacts, off-site as well as internally.
- Minimize inputs of materials and energy and maximize outputs of renewable and reusable resources.

Maximize resilience and dynamic stability in the :

Creating opportunities for the emergence of self- sustaining and self-regulating \times systems in the landscape.

Create 'place' as distinct from merely manipulating space, in such a way that the \times design maximizes the potential for user Interaction with the environment.

Make systems visible, which means making environmental processes apparent and $\underline{\times}$ celebrating them.

Minimize maintenance.

Meet the varied recreation and leisure needs of users.

Involve local communities.

×

The role of open spaces to play within the neighborhood structure, to achieve sustainability goals and objectives, is formulated in three key issues;

✓ Space management, 66.5%

✓ Space function (circulation of people and permeability),
 80%

✓ the role of objects within space(sustainable landscape). 85%

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<u>CONCLUSION</u>

➢In Alexandria, we need to have a walkable areas especially in the center of the city and in crowded places.

>In the new sustainable planning of Alexandria city, the quality of the urban space is equally important with the efficient function of the space.

➢The proposed research project is a trial to solve a major visual and functional problem at Sidi Gaber, a major terminal in Alexandria, is facing and will be elaborated with the new extension.



➢The research discussed this accurate solution, especially with the high increase of population in the city.

 \succ Once the mall at the train station will be opened a real traffic jam will occur in the center of the city.

>Also, the proposed solution creates green and open sustainable spaces and provide walkable areas which are the most important issues to be considered in Alexandria new planning to enhance the city urban pattern or the residents behavior and safety.



CONCLUSION

➢Our urban design sustainable solutions of Public Urban spaces should consider life quality, health, safety and an inclusive environment for all.

➤A city public spaces must be available and open to invite and include all people, having different activities and thereby ensuring variety and diversity.

➢ Well-designed cities inspire the people who live in them, while poorly designed ones cause bad behavior of their citizens





"

We have modified our environment so radically that we must now modify ourselves to exist in this new environment

"

Norbert Wiener (1894 – 1964) The originator of cybernetics

Thank you



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